110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2860

To diminish predatory lending by enhancing appraisal quality and standards, to improve appraisal oversight, to ensure mortgage appraiser independence, to provide for enhanced remedies and enforcement, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 15, 2008

Mr. Casey (for himself and Mr. Martinez) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To diminish predatory lending by enhancing appraisal quality and standards, to improve appraisal oversight, to ensure mortgage appraiser independence, to provide for enhanced remedies and enforcement, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Fair Value and Inde-
- 5 pendent Appraisal Act".

1 SEC. 2. PROPERTY APPRAISAL REQUIREMENTS.

2	(a) In General.—Section 129 of the Truth in Lend-
3	ing Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by adding at the
4	end the following new subsection:
5	"(m) Property Appraisal Requirements.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A creditor may not extend
7	credit in the form of a mortgage referred to in sec-
8	tion 103(aa) to any consumer, without first obtain-
9	ing a written appraisal of the property to be mort-
10	gaged, prepared in accordance with the requirements
11	of this subsection.
12	"(2) Appraisal requirements.—
13	"(A) Physical property visit.—An ap-
14	praisal of property to be secured by a mortgage
15	referred to in section 103(aa) does not meet the
16	requirements of this subsection unless it is per-
17	formed by a qualified appraiser who conducts a
18	physical property visit of the interior of the
19	mortgaged property.
20	"(B) Second appraisal under certain
21	CIRCUMSTANCES.—
22	"(i) In general.—If the purpose of
23	a mortgage referred to in section 103(aa)
24	is to finance the purchase or acquisition of
25	the mortgaged property from a person
26	within 180 days of the date of purchase or

1	acquisition of such property by that person
2	at a price that was lower than the current
3	sale price of the property, the creditor
4	shall obtain a second appraisal from a dif-
5	ferent qualified appraiser. The second ap-
6	praisal shall include an analysis of the dif-
7	ference in sale prices, changes in market
8	conditions, and any improvements made to
9	the property between the date of the pre-
10	vious sale and the current sale.
11	"(ii) No cost to consumer.—The
12	cost of any second appraisal required
13	under clause (i) may not be charged to the
14	consumer.
15	"(C) QUALIFIED APPRAISER DEFINED.—
16	For purposes of this subsection, the term
17	'qualified appraiser' means a person who—
18	"(i) is certified or licensed by the
19	State in which the property to be ap-
20	praised is located; and
21	"(ii) performs each appraisal in con-
22	formity with the Uniform Standards of
23	Professional Appraisal Practice and title
24	XI of the Financial Institutions Reform
25	Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989.

- and the regulations prescribed under such title, as in effect on the date of the appraisal.
 - "(3) Free copy of appraisal.—A creditor shall provide 1 copy of each appraisal conducted in accordance with this subsection in connection with a mortgage referred to in section 103(aa) to the consumer without charge, at least 3 days prior to the transaction closing date.
 - "(4) Consumer notification.—At the time of the initial mortgage application, the consumer shall be provided with a statement by the creditor that any appraisal prepared for the mortgage is for the sole use of the creditor, and that the consumer may choose to have a separate appraisal conducted at their own expense.
 - "(5) VIOLATIONS.—In addition to any other liability to any person under this title, a creditor found to have willfully failed to obtain an appraisal as required in this subsection shall be liable to the consumer for the sum of \$2,000.".
- 22 (b) EQUAL CREDIT OPPORTUNITY ACT AMEND-23 MENT.—Section 701(e) of the Equal Credit Opportunity 24 Act (15 U.S.C. 1691(e)) is amended to read as follows:
- 25 "(e) Copies Furnished to Applicants.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each creditor shall furnish
 to an applicant, a copy of all appraisal reports and
 valuations developed in connection with the applicant's application for a loan that is or would have
 been secured by a lien on residential real property.
 - "(2) PROCEDURES.—Appraisal reports shall be furnished under this subsection upon written request by the applicant, made within a reasonable period of time of the application and before closing.
 - "(3) Reimbursement.—The creditor may require the applicant to pay a reasonable fee for the provision of copies of appraisal reports under this subsection.
- "(4) NOTIFICATION TO CONSUMERS.—The creditor shall notify (pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Board) an applicant in writing of the right to receive a copy of each appraisal report, under this subsection.".
- 19 (c) Unfair and Deceptive Acts and Practices
- 20 Relating to Certain Consumer Credit Trans-
- 21 ACTIONS.—Chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending Act (15
- 22 U.S.C. 1631 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
- 23 129 the following new section:

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"SEC. 129A. UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS AND PRACTICES
RELATING TO CERTAIN CONSUMER CREDIT
TRANSACTIONS.
"(a) In General.—It shall be unlawful, in providing
any mortgage lending services for a consumer credit trans-
action secured by the principal dwelling of the consumer
or any mortgage brokerage services for such a transaction,
to engage in any unfair or deceptive act or practice.
"(b) Appraisal Independence.—For purposes of
subsection (a), unfair and deceptive acts or practices shall
include—
"(1) any appraisal of a property offered as se-
curity for repayment of the consumer credit trans-
action that is conducted in connection with such
transaction, in which a person with an interest in
the underlying transaction coerces, bribes, extorts,
colludes, or otherwise improperly influences a person
conducting or involved in an appraisal, or attempts
to coerce, bribe, extort, collude, or otherwise improp-
erly influence such a person, for the purpose of caus-
ing the appraised value assigned under the appraisal
to the property to be based on any factor other than
the independent judgment of the appraiser;
"(2) mischaracterizing or suborning any
mischaracterization of, the appraised value of the

property securing the extension of credit;

1	"(3) seeking to influence an appraiser or other-
2	wise to encourage a targeted value in order to facili-
3	tate the making or pricing of the transaction; and
4	"(4) failing to timely compensate an appraiser
5	for a completed appraisal, regardless of whether the
6	transaction closes.
7	"(c) Exceptions.—The requirements of subsection
8	(b) may not be construed as prohibiting a mortgage lend-
9	er, mortgage broker, mortgage banker, real estate broker,
10	or any other person with an interest in a real estate trans-
11	action from asking an appraiser to correct errors in the
12	appraisal report.
13	"(d) Rulemaking Proceedings.—The Board and
14	the Federal Trade Commission—
15	"(1) shall jointly prescribe regulations defining
16	with specificity acts or practices which are unfair or
17	deceptive in the provision of mortgage lending serv-
18	ices for a consumer credit transaction secured by the
19	principal dwelling of the consumer or mortgage bro-
20	kerage services for such a transaction, within the
21	meaning of subsections (a), (b), and (c); and
22	"(2) may jointly issue interpretive guidelines
23	and general statements of policy with respect to un-
24	fair or deceptive acts or practices in the provision of

mortgage lending services for a consumer credit

- transaction secured by the principal dwelling of the consumer and mortgage brokerage services for such a transaction, within the meaning of subsections (a), (b), and (c).
- 5 "(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
 - "(1) the terms 'mortgage brokerage services' and 'mortgage lending services', have the meanings given such terms in section 13(f) of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2611(f)); and
 - "(2) the term 'improperly influence' means any attempt to manipulate, through coercion, extortion, collusion, intimidation, non-payment for services rendered, direct or indirect compensation, or bribery, the development, reporting, result, or review of a property appraisal.

"(f) Penalties.—

- "(1) FIRST VIOLATION.—In addition to the enforcement provisions referred to in section 130, each person who violates this section shall forfeit and pay a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each day during which any such violation continues.
- "(2) Subsequent violations.—In the case of any person on whom a civil penalty has been imposed under paragraph (1), paragraph (1) shall be

1	applied by substituting '\$20,000' for '\$10,000' with
2	respect to all subsequent violations.

- "(3) Assessment.—The agency referred to in subsection (a) or (c) of section 108 with respect to any person described in paragraph (1) shall assess any penalty under this subsection to which such person is subject.".
- 8 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections 9 for chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending Act is amended 0 by inserting after the item relating to section 129 the fol-

11 lowing new item:

"Sec. 129A. Unfair and deceptive practices and acts relating to certain consumer credit transactions.".

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